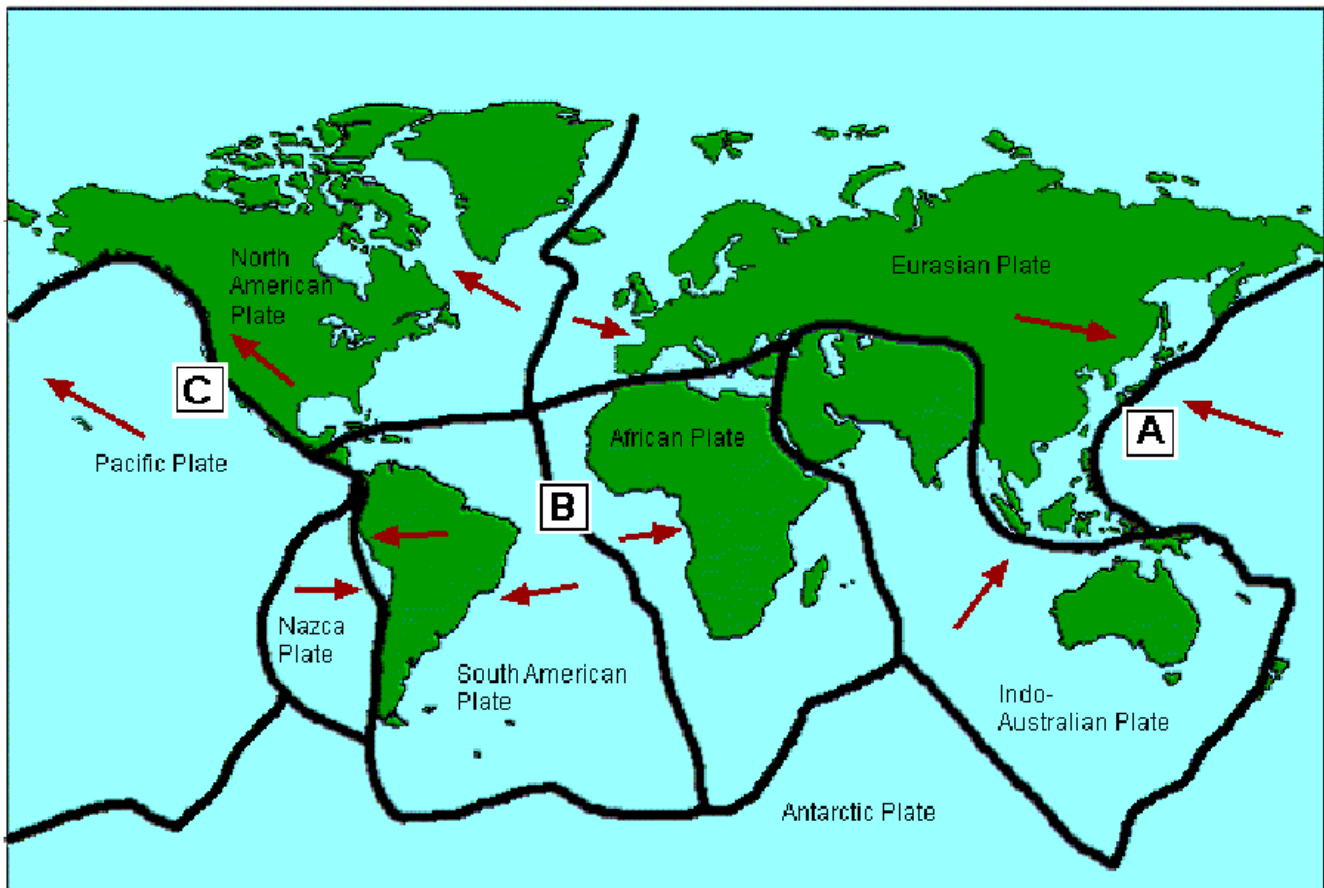


Question 1

1. THE EARTH'S CRUST

The map shows some of the earth's crustal plate boundaries.



Circle the correct option in **each** of the statements below.

- | | | |
|-------|---|---------------------|
| (i) | The area at A is a major earthquake zone. | <i>True / False</i> |
| (ii) | The area at B is known as the Mid-Atlantic Ridge. | <i>True / False</i> |
| (iii) | The area at C is known as the Rocky Mountain Fault. | <i>True / False</i> |

Question 2

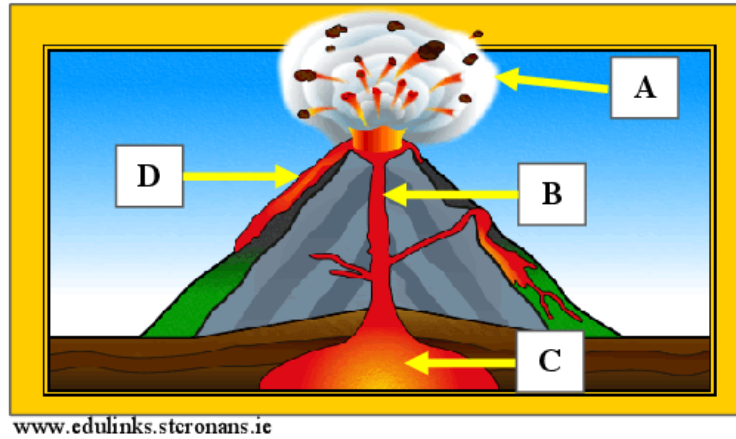
C. The Earth's Crust

The world's plates collide and separate.

- (i) Name **one** feature formed where plates collide.
- (ii) Name **one** feature formed where plates separate.
- (iii) With the aid of a diagram, explain how **one** of the features named is formed.

Question 3

B. Volcanoes



- (i) Examine the diagram of a volcano above and name each of the parts labelled A, B, C and D.
- (ii) Explain **one** positive impact and **one** negative impact of volcanoes.

(10)

Question 4

1. THE EARTH'S CRUST

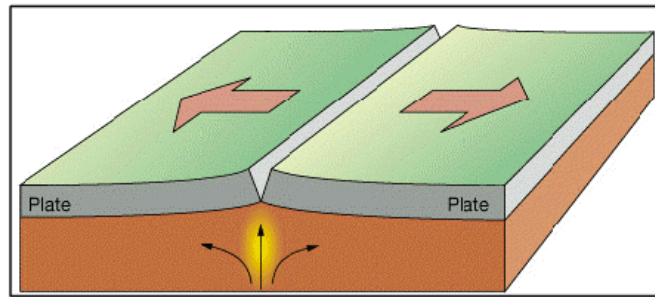


Examine the map above and circle the correct option in each of the following statements.

- (i) The area indicated by the red line on the map is called the Mid-Atlantic Ridge. *True / False*
- (ii) This area has many volcanoes. *True / False*
- (iii) Crustal plates collide in this area. *True / False*

Question 5

B. Plate Tectonics – Volcanoes



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- (i) Name **one** example of a volcano.
- (ii) With reference to the diagram above explain how volcanoes occur.

(10)

Question 6

The photographs show various types of volcanoes.



Complete the following sentences:

- (i) A volcano which erupts regularly is referred to as _____.
- (ii) A volcano which has not erupted in a long time, but may do so again is known as _____.
- (iii) A volcano which has not erupted in historic times is known as _____.